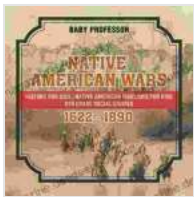


# Native American Wars 1622 - 1890: A Comprehensive History for Kids

The Native American Wars, also known as the American Indian Wars, were a series of armed conflicts between Native American tribes and the United States government, settlers, and European colonists. Spanning from 1622 to 1890, these wars had a profound impact on the history and culture of both Native Americans and the United States.



## Native American Wars 1622 - 1890 - History for Kids | Native American Timelines for Kids | 6th Grade Social Studies

by Baby Professor

★★★★☆ 4.2 out of 5

Language : English

File size : 4199 KB

Screen Reader : Supported

Print length : 64 pages



## Timeline of Major Native American Wars

- **1622: Pequot War** - A conflict between English colonists and the Pequot tribe in New England, resulting in the near annihilation of the Pequot.
- **1675-1676: King Philip's War** - A major conflict between Native American tribes and English colonists in New England, led by Metacom (King Philip) of the Wampanoag tribe.

- **1763-1764: Pontiac's War** - A widespread uprising of Native American tribes in the Ohio Valley region against British rule.
- **1811-1812: Tecumseh's War** - A conflict led by the Shawnee chief Tecumseh against the United States in the Old Northwest.
- **1864-1865: Sand Creek Massacre** - A massacre of Cheyenne and Arapaho people by the Colorado militia, led by Colonel John Chivington.
- **1876: Battle of Little Bighorn** - A famous battle between the Sioux and Cheyenne tribes, led by Sitting Bull and Crazy Horse, against the U.S. Army, led by General George Armstrong Custer.
- **1890: Wounded Knee Massacre** - A tragic event in which hundreds of Lakota Sioux people were killed by the U.S. Army at Wounded Knee Creek in South Dakota.

### Key Figures in the Native American Wars

- **Metacom (King Philip)** - Chief of the Wampanoag tribe who led King Philip's War.
- **Pontiac** - Ottawa chief who led Pontiac's War.
- **Tecumseh** - Shawnee chief who led Tecumseh's War.
- **Sitting Bull** - Hunkpapa Lakota chief who led the Sioux in the Battle of Little Bighorn.
- **Crazy Horse** - Oglala Lakota warrior who fought alongside Sitting Bull at the Battle of Little Bighorn.

### Causes of the Native American Wars

The Native American Wars had multiple causes:

- **European Colonization** - The arrival of European colonists in North America led to conflicts over land, resources, and cultural differences.
- **Economic Competition** - Native Americans and settlers competed for land and resources, such as hunting grounds and fertile farmland.
- **Cultural Clashes** - European colonists often sought to impose their culture and values on Native Americans, leading to tensions and resistance.
- **U.S. Government Policies** - The U.S. government pursued a policy of assimilation and removal of Native Americans from their traditional lands.

### **Impact of the Native American Wars**

The Native American Wars had devastating consequences for Native American tribes:

- **Loss of Land** - Native Americans lost millions of acres of land to the United States government and settlers.
- **Loss of Life** - Thousands of Native Americans were killed in battles, massacres, and through disease.
- **Cultural Disruption** - Native American cultures and traditions were disrupted and suppressed.
- **Reservation System** - Native Americans were forced onto reservations, where they often faced poverty and discrimination.

### **Legacy of the Native American Wars**

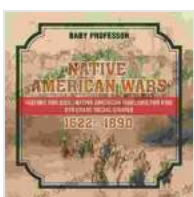
The Native American Wars left a lasting legacy on American history and society:

- **Historical Trauma** - The wars and their aftermath continue to have a profound impact on Native American communities today.
- **Native American Sovereignty** - The wars raised questions about the sovereignty and rights of Native American tribes.
- **Cultural Preservation** - Native Americans have worked to preserve and revitalize their cultures and traditions in the face of adversity.
- **Reconciliation** - Efforts are ongoing to promote reconciliation and healing between Native American tribes and the United States government.

The Native American Wars were a complex and tragic period in American history. By understanding the history, causes, and consequences of these wars, we can work towards greater awareness, empathy, and reconciliation.

## Additional Resources

- [History.com: Native American Wars](#)
- [National Park Service: Native American Wars](#)
- [Encyclopedia Britannica: American Indian Wars](#)

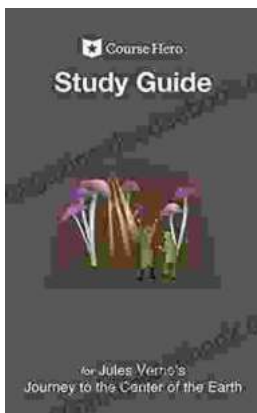


**Native American Wars 1622 - 1890 - History for Kids | Native American Timelines for Kids | 6th Grade Social Studies** by Baby Professor

★★★★☆ 4.2 out of 5

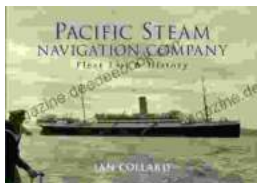
Language : English

File size : 4199 KB  
Screen Reader : Supported  
Print length : 64 pages



## **A Comprehensive Study Guide for Jules Verne's Journey to the Center of the Earth**

Embark on an extraordinary literary adventure with Jules Verne's timeless masterpiece, Journey to the Center of the Earth. This study guide will serve...



## **Pacific Steam Navigation Company Fleet List History: A Journey Through Maritime Grandeur**

Prologue: A Maritime Legacy Unfolds In the annals of maritime history, the Pacific Steam Navigation Company (PSNC) stands as a titan, its legacy woven into...